## **CLAIMS**

## WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A composition comprising:

a translation system;

an orthogonal aminoacyl-tRNA synthetase (O-RS) selected from the group consisting of: an orthogonal tryptophanyl-tRNA synthetase (O-TrpRS), an orthogonal mutant tryptophanyl-tRNA synthetase (O-muTrpRS), and a derivative thereof; and,

an orthogonal tRNA (O-tRNA);

wherein the O-RS preferentially aminoacylates the O-tRNA with an amino acid or unnatural amino acid.

- 2. The composition of claim 1, wherein the translation system comprises a cell or an in vitro translation system.
- 3. The composition of claim 2, wherein the cell comprises a eukaryotic cell, a Xenopus cell, or a mammalian cell.
- 4. The composition of claim 2, wherein the *in vitro* translation comprises a cell lysate.
- 5. The composition of claim 1, wherein the O-RS is encoded by a nucleic acid comprising a polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of: SEQ ID NO: 1, a conservative variation thereof, and a complementary polynucleotide sequence thereof.
- 6. The composition of claim 1, wherein the O-RS comprises an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of: SEQ ID NO: 2, and a conservative substitution thereof.
- 7. The composition of claim 1, wherein the unnatural amino acid comprises: a tryptophan analog or 5-hydroxy-L-tryptophan (5-HTPP).
- 8. The composition of claim 1, wherein the O-RS comprises one or more improved or enhanced enzymatic properties, selected from the group consisting of: Km and Kcat, for the unrutural amino acid as compared to a natural amino acid.

9. The composition of claim 1, wherein the O-tRNA is not substantially aminoacylated by an endogenous aminoacyl-tRNA synthetase of the translation system.

- 10. The composition of claim 1, wherein the O-tRNA comprises a polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of: SEQ ID NO: 3, a conservative variation thereof, and a complementary polynucleotide sequence thereof.
  - 11. The composition of claim 1, wherein the O-tRNA recognizes a selector codon.
- 12. The composition of claim 11, wherein the selector codon comprises a sequence selected from the group consisting of: a four base codon, a rare codon, UAG, UAA, and UGA.
- 13. The composition of claim 1, further comprising a nucleic acid encoding a product peptide.
- 14. The composition of claim 13, wherein the nucleic acid comprises a selector codon sequence recognized by the O-tRNA.
- 15. The composition of claim 13, wherein the product peptide comprises an amino acid sequence that is at least 75% identical to that of a wild type therapeutic protein, a diagnostic protein, an industrial enzyme, or a portion thereof.
- 16. A composition comprising an orthogonal aminoacyl-tRNA synthetase (O-RS), wherein the O-RS preferentially aminoacylates a tRNA with 5-hydroxy-L-tryptophan (5-HTPP).
- 17. The composition of claim 16, wherein the O-RS is encoded by a nucleic acid comprising a polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of: SEQ ID NO: 1, a conservative variation thereof, and a complementary polynucleotide sequence thereof.
- 18. The composition of claim 16, wherein the O-RS comprises an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of: SEQ ID NO: 2, and a conservative substitution thereof.
- 19. The composition of claim 16, wherein the O-RS comprises one or more improved or enhanced enzymatic properties, selected from the group consisting of: Km and Kcat, for aminoacylation with the 5-HTPP as compared to a tryptophan.

20. The composition of claim 16, wherein the t-RNA is an O-tRNA.

- 21. The composition of claim 20, wherein the O-tRNA is not substantially aminoacylated by an endogenous aminoacyl-tRNA synthetase.
- 22. The composition of claim 20, wherein the O-tRNA comprises a polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of: SEQ ID NO: 3, a conservative variation thereof, and a complementary polynucleotide sequence thereof.
  - 23. The composition of claim 20, wherein the O-tRNA recognizes a selector codon.
- 24. The composition of claim 23, wherein the selector codon comprises a sequence selected from the group consisting of: a four base codon, a rare codon, UAG, UGA, and UAA.
- 25. The composition of claim 16, further comprising an endogenous translation system.
- 26. The composition of claim 25, wherein the endogenous translation system comprises a cell or an *in vitro* translation system.
- 27. The composition of claim 26, wherein the cell comprises eukaryotic cells or mammalian cells.
- 28. The composition of claim 16, further comprising a nucleic acid encoding a product peptide.
- 29. The composition of claim 28, wherein the t-RNA is an O-tRNA, and the nucleic acid comprises a selector codon sequence recognized by the O-tRNA.
- 30. The composition of claim 28, wherein the product peptide comprises an amino acid sequence that is at least 75% identical to that of a wild type therapeutic protein, a diagnostic protein, an industrial enzyme, or a portion thereof.
- 31. A polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence encoded by a coding polynucleotide sequence, the coding polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of:
- a) a coding polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 1, and a conservative variation thereof;

b) a coding polynucleotide sequence that encodes a polypeptide selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 2, and a conservative substitution thereof;

- c) a polynucleotide sequence which hybridizes under highly stringent conditions over substantially an entire length of a polynucleotide sequence of (a) or (b);
- d) a complementary sequence of (a), (b), or (c); and, wherein the polypeptide comprises an aminoacyl-tRNA synthetase activity charging with 5-HTPP.
- 32. A nucleic acid comprising: a polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of:
- a) a polynucleotide sequence selected from SEQ ID NO: 3, or a complementary polynucleotide sequence thereof;
  - b) a conservative variation of (a) that recognizes a selector codon; and,
- c) a polynucleotide sequence which hybridizes under highly stringent conditions over substantially the entire length of polynucleotide sequence (a), and which comprises a tRNA that recognizes a selector codon.
- 33. The nucleic acid of claim 32, wherein the selector codon is selected from the group consisting of: a four base codon, a rare codon, UGA, UAA, and UAG.
- 34. A method of incorporating an amino acid or unnatural amino acid into a peptide, the method comprising:

preparing a construct comprising a nucleic acid sequence encoding an orthogonal mutant tryptophanyl-tRNA synthetase (O-muTrpRS) or a derivative thereof;

preparing a constituct comprising a nucleic acid sequence encoding an orthogonal tRNA (O-tRNA);

instroducing the O-muTrpRS construct and the O-tRNA construct into a eukaryotic well; and,

preferentially aminoacylatifig an expressed O-tRNA with the amino acid or unnatural amino acid, wherein said aminoacylation is catalyzed by an expressed O-muTrpRS;

whereby the amino acid or unnatural amino acid is incorporated into the peptide in the cell.

35. The method of claim 34, wherein the unnatural amino acid comprises a tryptophan analog or 5-hydroxy-L-tryptophan (5-HTPP).

- 36. The method of claim 35, further comprising applying a voltage to the peptide, thereby reacting the 5-HTPP with a reactive molecule.
  - 37. The method of claim 36, wherein reacting comprises cross-linking.
- 38. The method of claim 36, wherein the reactive molecule comprises an unnatural amino acid in another peptide.
- 39. The method of claim 34, further comprising detecting an interaction between the peptide and another peptide.
  - 40. The method of claim 39, wherein said detecting comprises fluoroscopy.
- 41. The method of claim 34, wherein the O-muTrpRS construct comprises a nucleic acid comprising a polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of:
- a) a coding polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 1, and a conservative variation thereof;
- b) a coding polynucleotide sequence that encodes a polypeptide selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 2, and a conservative substitution thereof;
- c) a polynucleotide sequence which hybridizes under highly stringent conditions over substantially an entire length of a polynucleotide sequence of (a) or (b);
  - d) a complementary sequence of (a), (b), or (c); and,
  - e) pVal144ProBsTrpRS.
- 42. The method of claim 34, wherein the O-muTrpRS construct comprises a mutated tryptophanyl-tRNA synthetase peptide sequence mutated at one or more amino acid residues based on structure data of the tryptophanyl-tRNA synthetase or an analogous aminoacyl-tRNA synthetase.
- 43. The method of claim 42, wherein the mutated tryptophanyl-tRNA synthetase comprises a *Bacillus* tryptophanyl-tRNA synthetase mutated at Val144.
- 44. The method of claim 34, wherein the O-tRNA construct comprises a polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of: SEQ ID NO: 3, a conservative variation thereof, and a complementary polynucleotide sequence thereof.

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45. The method of claim 34, wherein said preparing the O-tRNA construct comprises inclusion of one or more tRNA flanking sequences that functionally interact with an RNA polymerase of the cell.

- 46. The method of claim 34, wherein the O-tRNA construct comprises an A box eukaryotic transcriptional control element.
- 47. The method of claim 34, further comprising mutating a prokaryotic tRNA sequence to include a functional A box eukaryotic transcriptional control element.
- 48. The method of claim 47, wherein said mutating comprises site directed mutagenesis.
- 49. The method of claim 34, wherein the O-tRNA construct or O-muTrpRS construct comprises: a reporter tag or a purification tag.
- 50. The method of claim 34, wherein the O-muTrpRS construct and the O-tRNA construct comprise the same construct.
- 51. The method of claim 34, wherein the O-tRNA recognizes a selector codon in a nucleic acid sequence encoding the peptide, thereby incorporating the unnatural amino acid into the peptide.
- 52. The method of claim 34, further comprising transfecting a nucleic acid encoding the peptide into the cell.
- 53. The method of claim 52, wherein the cell comprises a eukaryotic cell or mammalian cell.
- 54. The method of claim 34, further comprising expressing the O-muTrpRS construct or the O-tRNA construct.
- 55. The method of claim 54, further comprising purifying expressed O-muTrpRS or expressed O-tRNA.
  - 56. A mammalian cell comprising:

an orthogonal aminoacyl-tRNA synthetase (O-RS) selected from the group consisting of: an orthogonal tryptophanyl-tRNA synthetase (O-TrpRS), an orthogonal mutant tryptophanyl-tRNA synthetase (O-muTrpRS), and a derivative thereof; and,

an orthogonal tRNA (O-tRNA);

wherein the O-RS preferentially aminoacylates the O-tRNA with an amino acid or unnatural amino acid.

- 57. The mammalian cell of claim 56, wherein the O-RS comprises a nucleic acid comprising a polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of: SEQ ID NO: 1, a conservative variation thereof, and a complementary polynucleotide sequence thereof.
- 58. The mammalian cell of claim 56, wherein the O-RS comprises an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of: SEQ ID NO: 2, and a conservative substitution thereof.
- 59. The mammalian cell of claim 56, wherein the O-tRNA is not substantially aminoacylated by an endogenous aminoacyl-tRNA synthetase of the cell.
- 60. The mammalian cell of claim 56, wherein the O-tRNA comprises a polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of: SEQ ID NO: 3, a conservative variation thereof, and a complementary polynucleotide sequence thereof.
- 61. The mammalian cell of claim 56, wherein the unnatural amino acid comprises an amino acid selected from the group consisting of: a tryptophan analog and 5-hydroxy-L-tryptophan (5-HTPP).